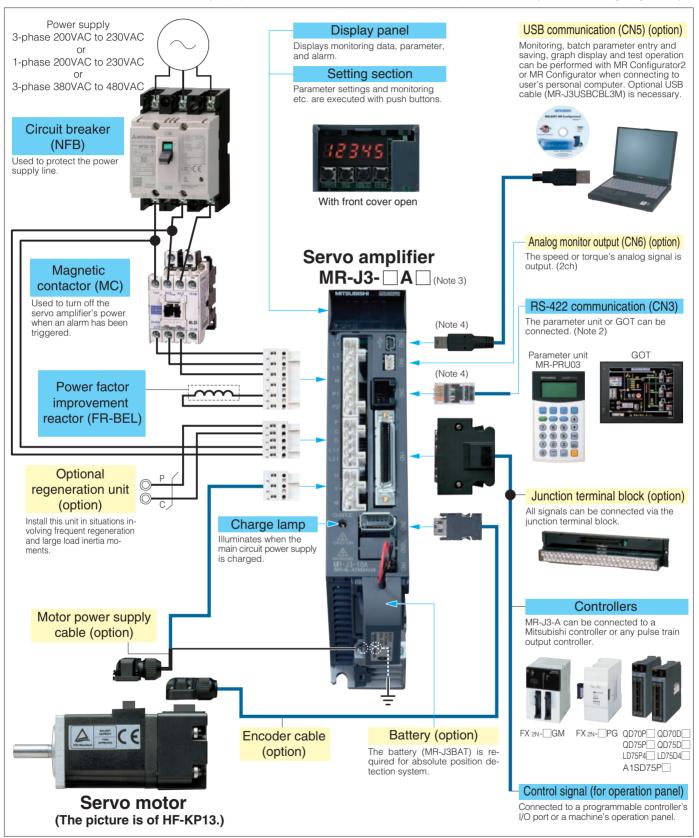
MR-J3-A: Connections with Peripheral Equipment (Note 1)

Peripheral equipment is connected to MR-J3-A as described below.

Connectors, options, and other necessary equipment are available so that users can set up MR-J3-A easily and start using it right away.



- Notes: 1. Refer to "MR-J3- \square A SERVO AMPLIFIER INSTRUCTION MANUAL" for the actual connections.

 2. A personal computer can be connected using a RS-422/RS-232C conversion cable (refer to the section "Ordering Information for Customers" in this catalog). In this case, some functions of MR Configurator2 and MR Configurator may be limited.

 3. The connections with peripheral equipment shown above is for the MR-J3-350A or smaller servo amplifier.

 - 4. USB interface (CN5 connector) and RS-422 interface (CN3 connector) are mutually exclusive. They cannot be used at the same time

MR-J3-A Servo Amplifier Specifications: 100VAC/200VAC, 22kW or Smaller

Servo amplifier model MR-J3-		10A	20A	40A	60A	70A	100A	200AN	350A	500A	700A	11KA	15KA	22KA	10A1	20A1	40A1	
Output	Rated voltage							3	-phase	170VA0)							
Output	Rated current (A)	1.1	1.5	2.8	3.2	5.8	6.0	11.0	17.0	28.0	37.0	68.0	87.0	126.0	1.1	1.5	2.8	
	Voltage/frequency (Note 1, 2)	3-phase 200 to 230VAC 50/60Hz or 1-phase 200 to 230VAC 50/60Hz (Note 10)					3-phase 200 to 230VAC 50/60Hz						1-phase 100 to 120VAC 50/60Hz					
Main circuit	Rated current (A)	0.9	1.5	2.6	3.2	3.8	5.0	10.5	16.0	21.7	28.9	46.0	64.0	95.0	3.0	5.0	9.0	
power supply	Permissible voltage fluctuation	For 3-phase 200 to 230VAC: 3-phase170 to 253VAC For 1-phase 200 to 230VAC: 1-phase170 to 253VAC (Note 10)					3-phase 170 to 253VAC						1-phase 85 to 132VAC					
	±5% maximum																	
	Voltage/frequency	1-pha	1-phase 200 to 230VAC 50/60Hz (Note 10) 1-phase 200 to 230VAC 50/60Hz								1-phase 100 to 120VAC 50/60Hz							
Control circuit	Rated current (A)				0	.2						0.3				0.4		
power supply	Permissible voltage fluctuation	1	1-phase 170 to 253VAC (Note 10) 1-phase 170 to 253VAC									1-phase 85 to 132VAC						
	Permissible frequency fluctuation								±5% ma	aximum								
	Power consumption (W)				3	0						45			30			
Interface power	er supply					24VD	C ±10%	(requir	ed curr	ent cap	acity: 0	.3A (No	te 7))					
Tolerable regenerative power of	Built-in regenerative resistor		10	10	10	20	20	100	100	130	170	_	_	_	_	10	10	
regenerative resistor (W) (Note 3, 4)	External regenerative resistor (Standard accessory) (Note 5, 6)	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	500 (800)	850 (1300)	850 (1300)	_	_	_	
Control system	Control system		Sine-wave PWM control/current control system															
Dynamic brake		Built-in (Note 8, 13) External option (Note 14) Built-in (Note 8, 13)																
Safety features	Safety features		Overcurrent shutdown, regeneration overvoltage shutdown, overload shutdown (electronic thermal), servo motor overheat protection, encoder fault protection, regeneration fault protection, undervoltage/sudden power outage protection, overspeed protection, excess error protection															
	Maximum input pulse frequency		1Mpr	os (whe	n using	differe	ntial rec	eiver), 2	200kpp:	s (when	using	open co	ollector)	, (4Mpp	s (Note	e 11))		
	Positioning feedback pulse	1Mpps (when using differential receiver), 200kpps (when using open collector), (4Mpps (Note 11)) Encoder resolution: 262144 p/rev																
Position	Command pulse multiple			Elec	tronic o	ear A/E							1/10 <	A/B < 2	2000			
control mode	Positioning complete width setting						0 to ±6	65535 p	ulses (d	commai	nd puls	e unit)						
	Excess error								±3 rot	ations								
	Torque limit			9	Set by p	aramet	ers or e	xternal	analog	input (C	to +10	VDC/m	aximum	torque)			
	Speed control range				Ana	alog spe	ed con	nmand	1:2000,	interna	l speed	comma	and 1:5	000				
	Analog speed command input	Analog speed command 1:2000, internal speed command 1:5000 0 to ±10VDC/rated speed (possible to change the speed in 10V using parameter No. PC12.) (Note 12)																
Speed control mode	Speed fluctuation rate	3	±0.2% r											n ±10% nalog sp		mmano	d	
	Torque limit			Set by	y param	eters o	r extern	al analo	g input	(0 to +	10VDC/	/maxim	um torq	ue) (No	te 12)			
Torque	Analog torque command input				0 to ±	:8VDC/r	maximu	m torqu	e (inpu	imped	ance 10) to 12k	Ω) (Not	te 12)				
control mode	Speed limit				Set by	/ param	eters o	r extern	al analo	g input	(0 to ±	10VDC/	rated s	peed)				
Structure (IP rating)			Natural-cooling open (IP00) Fan cooling open (IP00) Natural-cooling open (IP00)															
	Ambient temperature (Note 9)	0 to 55°C (32 to 131°F) (non freezing), storage: –20 to 65°C (–4 to 149°F) (non freezing)																
	Ambient humidity	90% RH maximum (non condensing), storage: 90% RH maximum (non condensing)																
Environment	Atmosphere	Indoors (no direct sunlight); no corrosive gas, inflammable gas, oil mist or dust																
	Elevation	1000m or less above sea level																
	Vibration	5.9m/s ² or less at 10 to 55Hz (directions of X, Y and Z axes)																
Mass (kg [lb])		0.8 (1.8)	0.8 (1.8)	1.0 (2.2)	1.0 (2.2)	1.4 (3.1)	1.4 (3.1)	2.1 (4.6)	2.3 (5.1)	4.6 (10)	6.2 (14)	18 (40)	18 (40)	19 (42)	0.8 (1.8)	0.8 (1.8)	1.0 (2.2)	

Notes:1. Rated output and speed of a servo motor are applicable when the servo amplifier, combined with the servo motor, is operated within the specified power supply voltage and frequency.

- Torque drops when the power supply voltage is below the specified value.

 2. For torque characteristics when combined with a servo motor, refer to the section "Servo motor torque characteristics" in this catalog
- 3. Optimal regenerative resistor varies for each system. Select the most suitable regenerative resistor by using the capacity selection software 4. Refer to the section "Options Optional regeneration unit" in this catalog for the tolerable regenerative power (W).

- 5. Servo amplifiers without an enclosed regenerative resistor are also available. Refer to "Servo Amplifier Model Designation" in this catalog for details.
 6. The value in () is applicable when the external regenerative resistors, GRZG400Ω (standard accessory) are used with cooling fans (2 units of 92 × 92mm, minimum air flow:
- 1.0m³/min). Note that change in parameter No. PA02 is required.

 7. 0.3A is the value when all of the input/output points are used. The current capacity can be stepped down according to the number of input/output points in use. Refer to "MR-J3-□A SERVO AMPLIFIER INSTRUCTION MANUAL" for details.

 8. Special specification servo amplifiers without a dynamic brake are also available: MR-J3-□A(1)-ED. When using the servo amplifier without a dynamic brake, the servo motor does not
- stop immediately at alarm occurrence or power failure. Take measures to ensure safety on the entire system.

 9. MR-J3-350A or smaller servo amplifiers can be mounted closely. In this case, operate them at the ambient temperature of 0 to 45°C (32 to 113°F) or at 75% or less of the effective load ratio.
- ratio.

 10. Special specification servo amplifiers for 1-phase 200 to 240VAC are also available: MR-J3-_A-U004. The permissible voltage fluctuation for MR-J3-_A-U004 is 1-phase 170 to 264VAC.

 11. 4Mpps compatible servo amplifier is also available: MR-J3-_A(1)-KE. Contact your local sales office for 4Mpps compatible servo amplifier for HF-JP11K1M and HF-JP15K1M.

 12. High resolution analog speed command and analog torque command is available with a set of MR-J3-_A(1)-RJ040 and MR-J3-D01 extension IO unit.

 13. When using the built-in dynamic brake, refer to "MR-J3-_A SERVO AMPLIFIER INSTRUCTION MANUAL" for the permissible load to motor inertia moment ratio.

 14. Use an optional external dynamic brake with the servo amplifier. Without the external dynamic brake, a servo motor does not stop immediately at emergency stop and falls in free-run

- status, causing an accident such as machine collision, etc. Take measures to ensure safety on the entire system.

MELSERVO-J3



MR-J3-A Servo Amplifier Specifications: 200VAC, 30kW or Larger

		Orive unit model	MR-J3-DU30KA	MR-J3-DU37KA					
	Rated voltage		3-phase						
	Output		174	204					
	Rated current (A)								
	Main circuit power supply		The drive unit's main circuit power is supplied from the converter unit.						
		Voltage/frequency	1-phase 200 to 230VAC 50/60Hz						
	Control circuit	Rated current (A)	0.3						
	power supply	Permissible voltage fluctuation	1-phase 170 to 253VAC						
		Permissible frequency fluctuation	±5% ma	aximum					
		Power consumption (W)	45						
	Interface powe	r supply	24VDC ±10% (required curr	ent capacity: 0.3A (Note 3))					
	Control system		Sine-wave PWM control/current control system						
	Dynamic brake)	External option (Note 4)						
Drive unit	Safety features		Overcurrent shutdown, overload shutdown (electronic thermal), servo motor overheat protection, encoder fault protection, undervoltage/sudden power outage protection, overspeed protection, excess error protection						
)riv		Maximum input pulse frequency	1Mpps (when using differential receiver), 200kpps (when using open collector)					
		Positioning feedback pulse	Encoder resolution	on: 262144 p/rev					
	Position	Command pulse multiple	Electronic gear A/B multiple, A: 1 to 1048	576, B: 1 to 1048576, 1/10 < A/B < 2000					
	control mode	Positioning complete width setting	0 to ±65535 pulses (command pulse unit)					
		Excess error		±3 rotations					
		Torque limit	Set by parameters or external analog						
		Speed control range	Analog speed command 1:2000,	·					
	Speed control mode	Analog speed command input	0 to ±10VDC/rated speed (possible to change the speed in 10V using parameter No. PC12.						
		Speed fluctuation rate	±0.01% maximum (load fluctuation 0 to ±0.2% maximum (ambient temperature 25°C±10°C (
		Torque limit	Set by parameters or external analog	input (0 to +10VDC/maximum torque)					
	Torque	Analog torque command input	0 to ±8VDC/maximum torque	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
	control mode	Speed limit	Set by parameters or external analogue						
	Structure (IP ra		Fan cooling						
	Mass (kg [lb	nverter unit model	26 I	,					
			MR-J3-						
	Output Main circuit	Rated voltage	283 to 3						
		Rated current (A)	21:						
		Voltage/frequency (Note 1, 2)	3-phase 200 to 2						
		Rated current (A)	25						
	power supply	Permissible voltage fluctuation	3-phase 170) to 253VAC					
nnit		Permissible frequency fluctuation	±5% ma	aximum					
		Voltage/frequency	1-phase 200 to 2	230VAC 50/60Hz					
Converter		Rated current (A)	0	3					
Son	Control circuit power supply	Permissible voltage fluctuation	1-phase 170	to 253VAC					
		Permissible frequency fluctuation	±5% ma	aximum					
		Power consumption (W)	4	5					
	Interface powe	r supply	24VDC ±10% (required current capacity: 0.13A (Note 3))						
	Safety features		Regeneration overvoltage shutdown, regeneration fault protection, overload shutdown (electronic thermal), undervoltage/sudden power outage protection						
	Structure (IP ra	ting)	Fan cooling open (IP00)						
	Mass (kg [lb		25 (55)						
	Ambient temperature		0 to 55°C (32 to 131°F) (non freezing), stora	* *					
nit 🚓		Ambient humidity	90% RH maximum (non condensing), store						
ter u	Environment	Atmosphere	Indoors (no direct sunlight); no corrosiv	, ,,					
Drive unit/ Converter unit		Elevation	1000m or less						
Ö									
		Vibration	5.9m/s ² or less at 10 to 55Hz	uirections of X, Y and Z axes)					

Notes:1. Rated output and speed of a servo motor are applicable when the drive unit and the converter unit, combined with the servo motor, are operated within the specified power supply voltage

and frequency. Torque drops when the power supply voltage is below the specified value.

2. For torque characteristics when combined with a servo motor, refer to the section "Servo motor torque characteristics" in this catalog.

3. The interface power supply can be shared with the drive unit and the converter unit. When all of the input/output points are used, 0.3A is required for the drive unit, and 0.13A is required for the converter unit. The current capacity can be stepped down according to the number of input/output points in use. Refer to "MR-J3
A SERVO AMPLIFIER INSTRUCTION MAN-UAL" for details.

4. Use an optional external dynamic brake with the drive unit. Without the external dynamic brake, a servo motor does not stop immediately at emergency stop and falls in free-run status,

causing an accident such as machine collision, etc. Take measures to ensure safety on the entire system.



MR-J3-A Servo Amplifier Specifications: 400VAC, 22kW or Smaller

Servo amplifier model MR-J3-		60A4	100A4	200A4	350A4	500A4	700A4	11KA4	15KA4	22KA4			
0	Rated voltage	3-phase 323VAC											
Output	Rated current (A)	1.5	2.8	5.4	8.6	14.0	17.0	32.0	41.0	63.0			
	Voltage/frequency (Note 1, 2)	3-phase 380 to 480VAC 50/60Hz											
Main circuit	Rated current (A)	1.4 2.5 5.1 7.9 10.8 14.4 23.1 31.8								47.6			
power supply	Permissible voltage fluctuation	3-phase 323 to 528VAC											
	Permissible frequency fluctuation	±5% maximum											
	Voltage/frequency				1-phase 3	880 to 480VA0	C 50/60Hz						
	Rated current (A)		0.1				0	.2					
Control circuit	Permissible voltage fluctuation	1-phase 323 to 528VAC											
power supply	Permissible frequency fluctuation	±5% maximum											
	Power consumption (W)	30 45											
Interface power		24VDC ±10% (required current capacity: 0.3A (Note 7))											
Tolerable regenerative power of	Built-in regenerative resistor	15	15	100	100	130 (Note 9)	170 (Note 9)	_	_	_			
regenerative resistor (W) (Note 3, 4)	External regenerative resistor (Standard accessory) (Note 5, 6)	_	_	_	_	_	_	500 (800)	850 (1300)	850 (1300)			
Control system	n	Sine-wave PWM control/current control system											
Dynamic brake	e	Built-in (Note 8, 10) External option (Note 12)							ote 12)				
Safety features		servo motor overheat protection, encoder fault protection, regeneration fault protection, undervoltage/sudden power outage protection, overspeed protection, excess error protection 1Mpps (when using differential receiver), 200kpps (when using open collector)											
	Maximum input pulse frequency Positioning feedback pulse		Пирр	s (when using		esolution: 262		sing open co	nector)				
D :::	Command pulse multiple		Electron	nio goar A/R n		to 1048576, E		76 1/10 × A/E	2 < 2000				
Position control mode	' '		LIEGIIOI			ulses (comma			3 < 2000				
ochilor mode	Positioning complete width setting				10 ±03333 p	±3 rotations	and pulse uni	ι)					
	Excess error Torque limit		Cath		ar autarnal r		0 to . 10\/DC	lman vina una tau	**************************************				
	Speed control range					analog input (
	, ,	Analog speed command 1:2000, internal speed command 1:5000											
Speed control mode	Analog speed command input Speed fluctuation rate	0 to ±10VDC/rated speed (possible to change the speed in 10V using parameter No. PC12.) (Note 11) ±0.01% maximum (load fluctuation 0 to 100%), 0% (power fluctuation ±10%) ±0.2% maximum (ambient temperature 25°C±10°C (59°F to 95°F)), when using analog speed command											
	Torque limit	Set by parameters or external analog input (0 to +10VDC/maximum torque) (Note 11)											
Torque	Analog torque command input	0 to ±8VDC/maximum torque (input impedance 10 to 12kΩ) (Note 11)											
control mode	Speed limit	Set by parameters or external analog input (0 to ±10VDC/rated speed)											
Structure (IP rating)		Natural-cooling open (IP00) Fan cooling open (IP00)											
Oli dottalo (li Te	Ambient temperature (Note 6)	0 to 55°C (32 to 131°F) (non freezing), storage: –20 to 65°C (–4 to 149°F) (non freezing)											
	Ambient humidity	90% RH maximum (non condensing), storage: 90% RH maximum (non condensing)											
Environment	Atmosphere	Indoors (no direct sunlight); no corrosive gas, inflammable gas, oil mist or dust											
Environment	Elevation	1000m or less above sea level											
	Vibration	5.9m/s ² or less at 10 to 55Hz (directions of X, Y and Z axes)											
Mass (kg [lb])		1.7	1.7	2.1	4.6	4.6	6.2	18	18	19			

Notes:1. Rated output and speed of a servo motor are applicable when the servo amplifier, combined with the servo motor, is operated within the specified power supply voltage and frequency. Torque drops when the power supply voltage is below the specified value.

- 2. For torque characteristics when combined with a servo motor, refer to the section "Servo motor torque characteristics" in this catalog.

 3. Optimal regenerative resistor varies for each system. Select the most suitable regenerative resistor by using the capacity selection software.

 4. Refer to the section "Options Optional regeneration unit" in this catalog for the tolerable regenerative power (W).

 5. Servo amplifiers without an enclosed regenerative resistor are also available. Refer to "Servo Amplifier Model Designation" in this catalog for details.
- 6. The value in () is applicable when the external regenerative resistors, GRZG400-□Ω (standard accessory) are used with cooling fans (2 units of 92 × 92mm, minimum air flow:

- Note that change in parameter No. PA02 is required.

 7. 0.3A is the value when all of the input/output points are used. The current capacity can be stepped down according to the number of input/output points in use. Refer to "MR-J3SERVO AMPLIFIER INSTRUCTION MANUAL" for details. 8. Special specification servo amplifiers without a dynamic brake are also available: MR-J3
 A4-ED. When using the servo amplifier without a dynamic brake, the servo motor does not
- stop immediately at alarm occurrence or power failure. Take measures to ensure safety on the entire system.

 9. The servo amplifier built-in regenerative resistor is compatible with the maximum torque deceleration when the motor is used within the rated speed and the recommended load to mo-

- 9. The Servo amplifier of unit in register large resistor is compatible with the maximum torque deceleration when the mitor used within the rated speed and the recommended ratio to inertia moment ratio. Contact your local sales office if the operating motor speed and the load to motor inertia moment ratio exceed the rated speed and the recommended ratio.

 10. When using the built-in dynamic brake, refer to "MR-J3- A SERVO AMPLIFIER INSTRUCTION MANUAL" for the permissible load to motor inertia moment ratio.

 11. For the servo amplifier 11kW to 22kW, high resolution analog speed command and analog torque command is available with a set of MR-J3- A4-RJ040 and MR-J3-D01 extension IO unit. Servo amplifier 7kW or smaller, compatible with high resolution analog speed torque command, will be available.

 12. Use an optional external dynamic brake with the servo amplifier. Without the external dynamic brake, a servo motor does not stop immediately at emergency stop and falls in free-run status, causing an accident such as machine collision, etc. Take measures to ensure safety on the entire system.

MELSERVO-J3

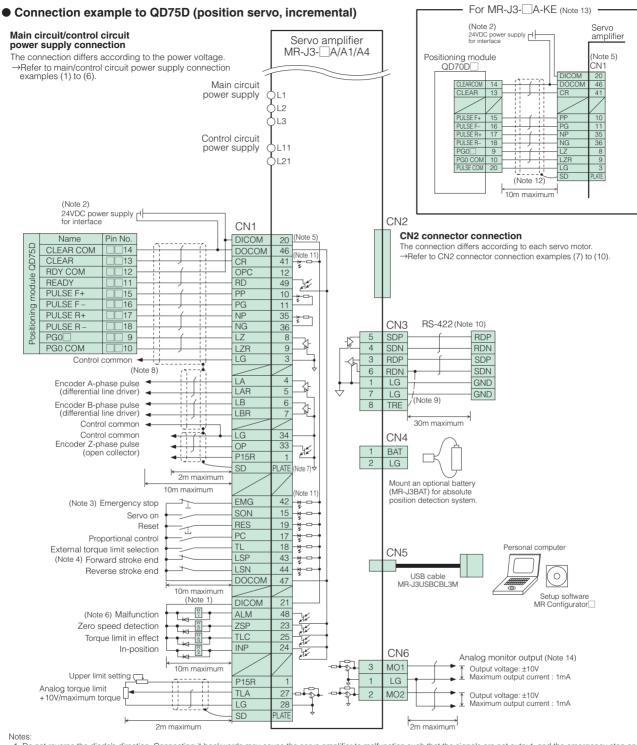


MR-J3-A Servo Amplifier Specifications: 400VAC, 30kW or Larger

Drive unit model MR-J3-DU30KA4 MR-J3-DU37KA4 MR-J3-DU45KA4 MR Output Rated voltage 3-phase 323VAC Rated current (A) 87 102 131 Main circuit power supply The drive unit's main circuit power is supplied from the converter unit. Voltage/frequency 1-phase 380 to 480VAC 50/60Hz Rated current (A) 0.2 Permissible voltage fluctuation 1-phase 323 to 528VAC Permissible frequency fluctuation ±5% maximum Power consumption (W) 45	143								
Output Rated current (A) 87 102 131 Main circuit power supply Voltage/frequency Rated current (A) Permissible voltage fluctuation Permissible frequency fluctuation 102 131 131 131 131 131 131 131	143								
Main circuit power supply The drive unit's main circuit power is supplied from the converter unit. Voltage/frequency Rated current (A) Permissible voltage fluctuation Permissible frequency fluctuation 1-phase 323 to 528VAC 25% maximum									
Voltage/frequency 1-phase 380 to 480VAC 50/60Hz Rated current (A) 0.2 Permissible voltage fluctuation 1-phase 323 to 528VAC Permissible frequency fluctuation ±5% maximum									
Control circuit power supply Rated current (A) Permissible voltage fluctuation Permissible frequency fluctuation 1-phase 323 to 528VAC ±5% maximum									
Control circuit power supply Permissible voltage fluctuation Permissible frequency fluctuation 1-phase 323 to 528VAC ±5% maximum									
Permissible frequency fluctuation ±5% maximum									
	45								
	24VDC ±10% (required current capacity: 0.3A (Note 3))								
	Sine-wave PWM control/current control system								
	External option (Note 4)								
Safety features Overcurrent shutdown, overload shutdown (electronic thermal), servo motor overheat prot	Overcurrent shutdown, overload shutdown (electronic thermal), servo motor overheat protection, encoder fault protection, undervoltage/sudden power outage protection, overspeed protection, excess error protection								
Maximum input pulse frequency 1Mpps (when using differential receiver), 200kpps (when using open collecto	1Mpps (when using differential receiver), 200kpps (when using open collector)								
Positioning feedback pulse Encoder resolution: 262144 p/rev	Encoder resolution: 262144 p/rev								
Position Command pulse multiple Electronic gear A/B multiple, A: 1 to 1048576, B: 1 to 1048576, 1/10 < A/B < 20	000								
control mode Positioning complete width setting 0 to ±65535 pulses (command pulse unit)									
Excess error ±3 rotations									
Torque limit Set by parameters or external analog input (0 to +10VDC/maximum torque)									
Speed control range Analog speed command 1:2000, internal speed command 1:5000 Analog speed command input 0 to ±10VDC/rated speed (possible to change the speed in 10V using parameter No	DC12)								
Speed control mode Speed fluctuation rate ±0.01% maximum (load fluctuation 0 to 100%), 0% (power fluctuation ±10%))								
±0.2% maximum (ambient temperature 25°C±10°C (59°F to 95°F)), when using analog spectrum and the spectrum of t									
Torque Analog torque command input 0 to ±8VDC/maximum torque (input impedance 10 to 12kΩ)									
control mode Speed limit Set by parameters or external analog input (0 to ±10VDC/rated speed)	Set by parameters or external analog input (0 to ±10VDC/rated speed)								
Structure (IP rating) Fan cooling open (IP00)									
Mass (kg [lb]) 18 (40) 26 (57)									
Converter unit model MR-J3-CR55K4									
Output Rated voltage 538 to 678VDC									
Rated current (A) 113.8	113.8								
Voltage/frequency (Note 1, 2) 3-phase 380 to 480VAC 50/60Hz									
Main circuit Rated current (A) 132.2									
power supply Permissible voltage fluctuation 3-phase 323 to 528VAC									
Permissible frequency fluctuation ±5% maximum									
Voltage/frequency 1-phase 380 to 480VAC 50/60Hz									
Rated current (A) Control circuit power supply Permissible voltage fluctuation 1-phase 323 to 528VAC									
Control circuit power supply Permissible voltage fluctuation 1-phase 323 to 528VAC									
Permissible frequency fluctuation ±5% maximum									
Power consumption (W) 45									
Interface power supply 24VDC ±10% (required current capacity: 0.13A (Note 3))	24VDC ±10% (required current capacity: 0.13A (Note 3))								
Safety features Regeneration overvoltage shutdown, regeneration fault protection, overload shutdown (electronic thermal), undervoltage/sudden power outage protection.	Regeneration overvoltage shutdown, regeneration fault protection, overload shutdown (electronic thermal), undervoltage/sudden power outage protection								
Structure (IP rating) Fan cooling open (IP00)	Fan cooling open (IP00)								
Mass (kg [lb]) 25 (55)	25 (55)								
Ambient temperature 0 to 55°C (32 to 131°F) (non freezing), storage: -20 to 65°C (-4 to 149°F) (non freezing)	-4 to 149°F) (non freezing)								
Ambient humidity 90% RH maximum (non condensing), storage: 90% RH maximum (non condens	sing)								
Ambient humidity 90% RH maximum (non condensing), storage: 90% RH maximum (non condensing) Atmosphere Indoors (no direct sunlight); no corrosive gas, inflammable gas, oil mist or due Elevation 1000m or less above sea level	st								
Elevation 1000m or less above sea level									
Vibration 5.9m/s² or less at 10 to 55Hz (directions of X, Y and Z axes)									

Notes:1. Rated output and speed of a servo motor are applicable when the drive unit and the converter unit, combined with the servo motor, are operated within the specified power supply voltage

S.1. Hated output and speed of a servo motor are applicable when the drive unit and the converter unit, combined with the servo motor, are operated within the specified power supply voltage is below the specified value.
 For torque characteristics when combined with a servo motor, refer to the section "Servo motor torque characteristics" in this catalog.
 The interface power supply can be shared with the drive unit and the converter unit. When all of the input/output points are used, 0.3A is required for the drive unit, and 0.13A is required for the converter unit. The current capacity can be stepped down according to the number of input/output points in use. Refer to "MR-J3—A SERVO AMPLIFIER INSTRUCTION MANUAL" for details.
 Use an optional external dynamic brake with the drive unit. Without the external dynamic brake, a servo motor does not stop immediately at emergency stop and falls in free-run status, causing an accident such as machine collision, etc. Take measures to ensure safety on the entire system.



Notes

- 1. Do not reverse the diode's direction. Connecting it backwards may cause the servo amplifier to malfunction such that the signals are not output, and the emergency stop and other
- safety circuits are inoperable.

 2. Use the power supply 24VDC±10% (required current capacity: 0.3A). 0.3A is the value when all of the input/output points are used. Note that the current capacity can be stepped down according to the number of input/output points in use. Refer to "MR-J3
 3. Always turn on the emergency stop (EMG) signal (normally closed contact) before starting the operation. If not, the operation will not start.

 4. Always turn on the forward and reverse stroke end (LSP, LSN) signals (normally closed contact) before starting the operation. If not, the commands will not be accepted.
- 5. Signals with the same name are connected internally.

- 6. The malfunction (ALM) signal (normally closed contact) is conducted to DOCOM in normal alarm-free condition.
 7. Connect the shield wire securely to the plate inside the connector (ground plate).
 8. This connection is not necessary for QD75D positioning module. Note that the connection between LG and control common terminal is recommended for some positioning modules to improve noise immunity.

 9. For the final axis, connect TRE and RDN.
- 10. A personal computer can be connected using a RS-422/RS-232C conversion cable. Note that USB interface (CN5 connector) and RS-422 interface (CN3 connector) are mutually exclusive. They cannot be used at the same time. Refer to the section "Ordering Information for Customers" in this catalog for the RS-422/RS-232C conversion cable.

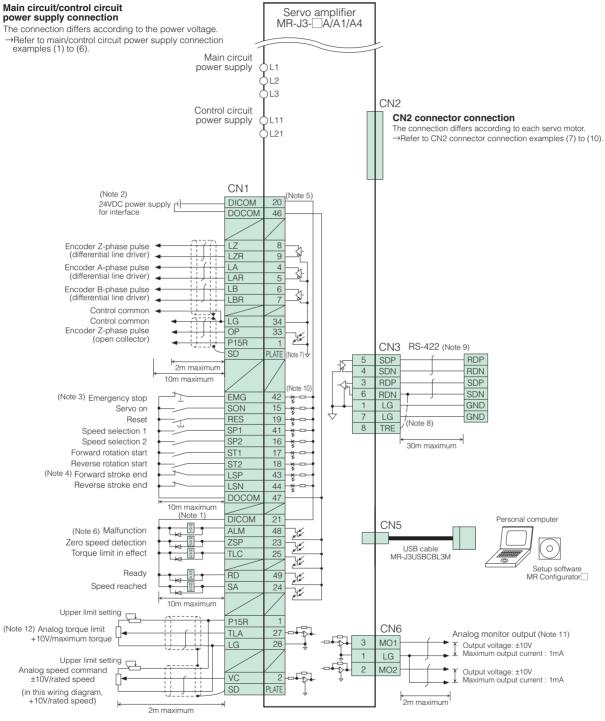
 11. This is for sink wiring. Source wiring is also possible. Refer to "MR-J3-_A SERVO AMPLIFIER INSTRUCTION MANUAL" for details.

 12. FA goods (Model: FA-CBLQ75M2J3(-P)/-1(P)) cannot be used.

- 13. Do not use CN2L connector.
- 14. Output voltage range varies depending on the monitored signal

MR-J3-A Standard Wiring Diagram: Speed Control Operation

Connection example



- 1. Do not reverse the diode's direction. Connecting it backwards may cause the servo amplifier to malfunction such that the signals are not output, and the emergency stop and other safety circuits are inoperable
- 2. Use the power supply 24VDC±10% (required current capacity: 0.3A). 0.3A is the value when all of the input/output points are used. Note that the current capacity can be stepped down according to the number of input/output points in use. Refer to "MR-J3-□A SERVO AMPLIFIER INSTRUCTION MANUAL" for details.

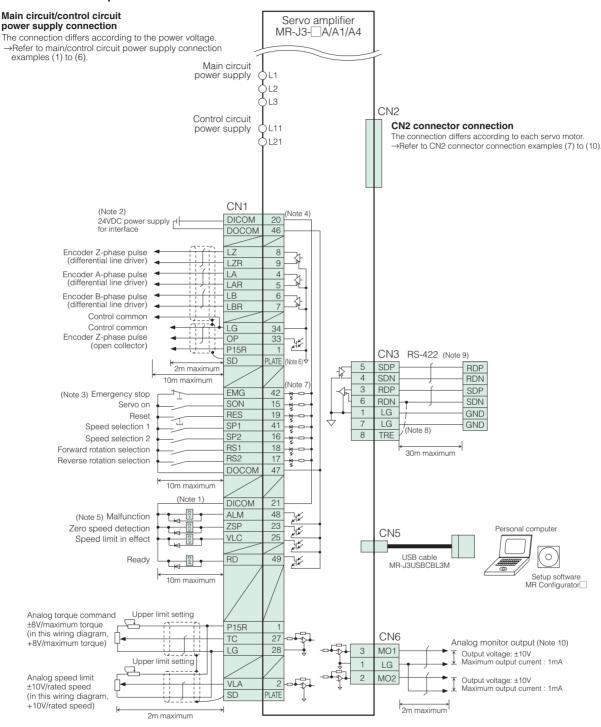
 3. Always turn on the emergency stop (EMG) signal (normally closed contact) before starting the operation. If not, the operation will not start.
- 4. Always turn on the forward and reverse stroke end (LSP, LSN) signals (normally closed contact) before starting the operation. If not, the commands will not be accepted 5. Signals with the same name are connected internally.
- The malfunction (ALM) signal (normally closed contact) is conducted to DOCOM in normal alarm-free condition.
 Connect the shield wire securely to the plate inside the connector (ground plate).
- 8. For the final axis, connect TRE and RDN.
- 9. A personal computer can be connected using a RS-422/RS-232C conversion cable. Note that USB interface (CN5 connector) and RS-422 interface (CN3 connector) are mutually exclusive. They cannot be used at the same time. Refer to the section "Ordering Information for Customers" in this catalog for the RS-422/RS-232C conversion cable 10. This is for sink wiring. Source wiring is also possible. Refer to "MR-J3-\subseteq A SERVO AMPLIFIER INSTRUCTION MANUAL" for details.

- 11. Output voltage range varies depending on the monitored signal.

 12. TLA can be used when external torque limit (TL) is enabled by setting parameters.

MR-J3-A Standard Wiring Diagram: Torque Control Operation

Connection example



- 1. Do not reverse the diode's direction. Connecting it backwards may cause the servo amplifier to malfunction such that the signals are not output, and the emergency stop and other safety circuits are inoperable
- 2. Use the power supply 24VDC±10% (required current capacity: 0.3A). 0.3A is the value when all of the input/output points are used. Note that the current capacity can be stepped down according to the number of input/output points in use. Refer to "MR-J3
 A SERVO AMPLIFIER INSTRUCTION MANUAL" for details.

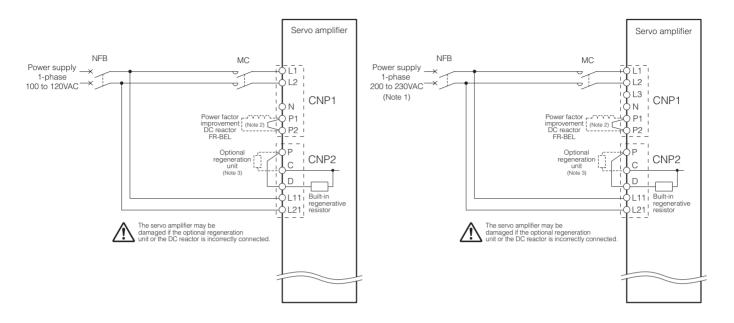
 3. Always turn on the emergency stop (EMG) signal (normally closed contact) before starting the operation. If not, the operation will not start.

- Signals with the same name are connected internally.
 The malfunction (ALM) signal (normally closed contact) is conducted to DOCOM in normal alarm-free condition
- 6. Connect the shield wire securely to the plate inside the connector (ground plate).
 7. This is for sink wiring. Source wiring is also possible. Refer to "MR-J3-_A SERVO AMPLIFIER INSTRUCTION MANUAL" for details.
- 8. For the final axis, connect TRE and RDN.
 9. A personal computer can be connected using a RS-422/RS-232C conversion cable. Note that USB interface (CN5 connector) and RS-422 interface (CN3 connector) are mutually exclusive. They cannot be used at the same time. Refer to the section "Ordering Information for Customers" in this catalog for the RS-422/RS-232C conversion cable 10. Output voltage range varies depending on the monitored signal.

Main/Control Circuit Power Supply Connection Examples

(1) 1-phase 100V

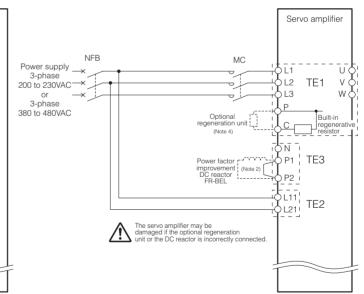
(2) 1-phase 200V



(3) 3-phase 200V 0.1kW to 3.5kW or 3-phase 400V 0.6kW to 2kW

Servo amplifier NFB MC Power factor P1 P2 P2 PR-BEL Power supply _ 3-phase 200 to 230VAC or 3-phase 380 to 480VAC CNP2 I_{D} L11 Built-in regenerative The servo amplifier may be damaged if the optional regeneration unit or the DC reactor is incorrectly connected.

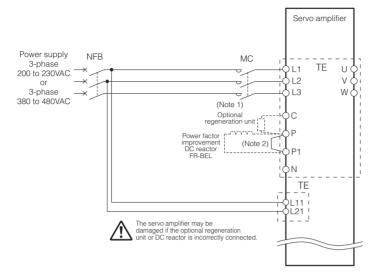
(4) 3-phase 200V 5kW or 7kW, or 3-phase 400V 3.5kW to 7kW



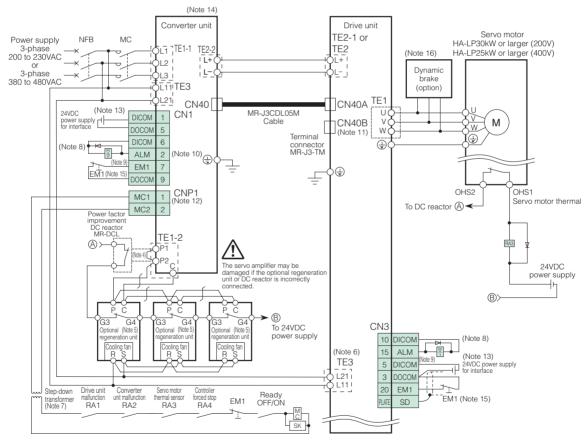
- 1. When using a 1-phase 200VAC to 230VAC, connect the power supply to the L1 and L2 terminals. Do not connect anything to L3.

- Disconnect P1 and P2 when using the DC reactor.
 Disconnect P(+) and D when connecting the optional regeneration unit externally.
 Disconnect the wires for the built-in regenerative resistor (P and C) when connecting the optional regeneration unit externally.

(5) 3-phase 200V/400V 11kW to 22kW



(6) 3-phase 200V/400V 30kW or larger (Note 3)



Notes

- 11kW or larger servo amplifiers do not have a built-in regenerative resistor

- 2. Remove the short bar between P and P1 when using the DC reactor.
 3. This wiring diagram is for MR-J3-DU_B(4). For MR-J3-DU_A(4), refer to "MR-J3-_A SERVO AMPLIFIER INSTRUCTION MANUAL".
 4. Remove the short bar between P1 and P2 when using the DC reactor.
 5. This is for MR-RB137 (for 200V) or MR-RB138-4 (for 400V). Three units of MR-RB138-4 are required for each converter unit (tolerable regenerative power 3900W).
 6. The phases of the power supply connected to L11 and L21 on the converter unit and the drive unit must always match the phases connected to L1 and L2. An incorrect connection may damage the drive unit and/or the converter unit.

 7. A step-down transformer is required when coil voltage of the magnetic contactor (MC) is 200V class, and the converter unit and the drive unit and the drive unit are 400V class.
- 7. A step-down transformer is required when coil voltage of the magnetic contactor (MC) is 200V class, and the converter unit and the drive unit are 400V class.

 8. Do not reverse the diode's direction. Connecting it backwards may cause the drive unit and/or the converter unit to malfunction such that the signals are not output, and the emergency stop and other safety circuits are inoperable.

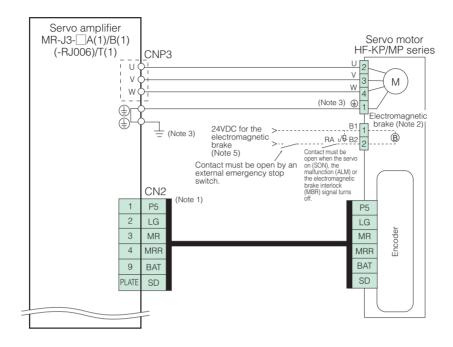
 9. Select a device that does not make the circuit current exceed 40mA
- 10. The malfunction (ALM) signal (normally closed contact) is conducted to DOCOM in normal alarm-free condition.

 11. Always connect the terminal connector (MR-J3-TM) to CN40B.
- 12. MC1 and MC2 outputs are controlled by the converter unit. For creating a system same as that of the prior servo amplifier by invalidating CNP1, refer to "MR-J3 SERVO AMPLIFIER INSTRUCTION MANUAL" for details.
- 13. The interface power supply can be shared with the drive unit and the converter unit. When all of the input/output points are used, 0.15A is required for the drive unit and 0.13A for the converter unit. The current capacity can be stepped down according to the number of input/output points in use.

- 14. A converter unit is required per drive unit.
 15. Create a circuit that shuts off the forced stop (EM1) of the converter unit and the drive unit at the same time.
 16. Use an optional external dynamic brake with the drive unit. Without the external dynamic brake, a servo motor does not stop immediately at emergency stop and falls in free-run status, causing an accident such as machine collision, etc. Take measures to ensure safety on the entire system.

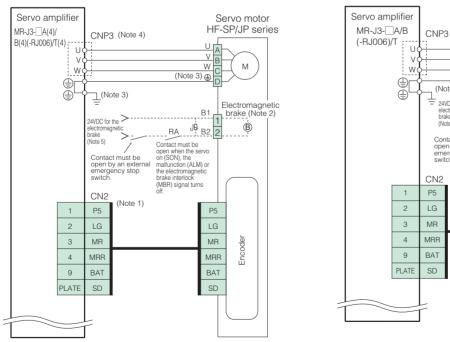
CN2 Connector Connection Examples

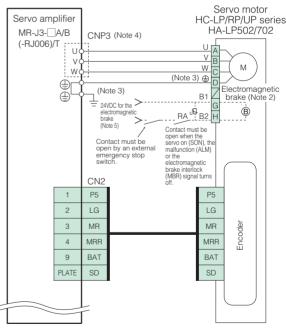
(7) HF-KP/HF-MP series



(8) HF-SP/HF-JP series

(9) HC-LP/HC-RP/HC-UP series or HA-LP502/702





Notes

- 1. The signals shown is applicable when using a two-wire type encoder cable. When using a four-wire type encoder cable for HF-KP/HF-MP series or 11kW and 15kW of HF-JP series, refer to "MR-J3 SERVO AMPLIFIER INSTRUCTION MANUAL" for details.
- to MIR-J3 SERVO AMPLIFIER INSTRUCTION MANUAL for details.

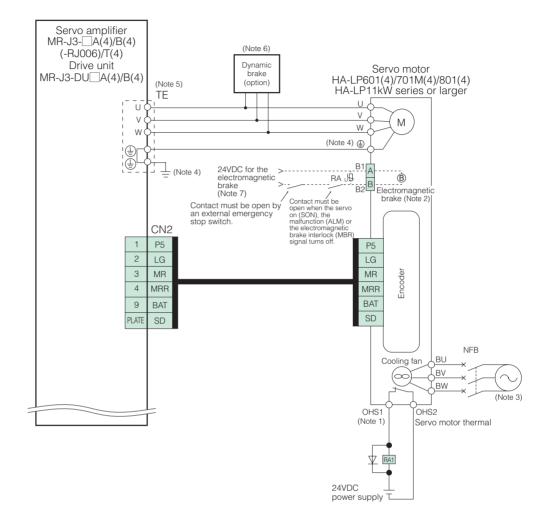
 2. This is for the motor with an electromagnetic brake. The electromagnetic brake terminals (B1, B2) do not have polarity. A separate connector from the motor power supply connector is prepared as an electromagnetic brake connector for HC-LP202B, 302B, and HC-UP202B to 502B.

 3. Connect the ground wire to the cabinet protective earth (PE) terminal via the servo amplifier protective earth (PE) terminal for grounding.

 4. U, V and W terminals are available in TE1 for 200V 5kW or larger and 400V 3.5kW or larger servo amplifiers.

- 5. Do not use the 24VDC interface power supply for the electromagnetic brake. Provide a power supply designed exclusively for the electromagnetic brake.

(10) HA-LP601(4)/701M(4)/801(4) or HA-LP series 11kW or larger



- 1. Make sure that the current flowing to the servo motor thermal circuit is between 0.15A and 3A. 2. The electromagnetic brake terminals (B1, B2) do not have polarity.
- The electromagnetic brake terminals (B1, B2) do not have polarity.
 Always supply power to the cooling fan terminal. The power supply differs according to the motor. Refer to "Cooling fan power supply" under the Motor Specifications in this catalog.
 When using the servo amplifier 22kW or smaller, connect the ground wire to the cabinet protective earth (PE) terminal via the servo amplifier protective earth (PE) terminal for grounding. When using the drive unit, connect the servo motor's ground wire to the drive unit protective earth (PE) terminal. Put the ground wires of the drive unit and the converter unit together into one on the cabinet protective earth (PE) terminal, and then connect to ground.
 U, V and W terminals are available in TE1 for HA-LP601(4) and HA-LP701M(4).
 Use an optional external dynamic brake with the 11kW or larger servo amplifier. Without the external dynamic brake, a servo motor does not stop immediately at emergency stop and falls in free run status, causing an accident such as machine collision of the protective provides the provided provides and the provided provided provides and the provided provided provides and the provided provides and the provided provides and the provided provid

- falls in free-run status, causing an accident such as machine collision, etc. Take measures to ensure safety on the entire system.

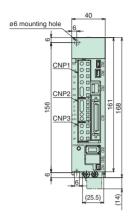
 7. Do not use the 24VDC interface power supply for the electromagnetic brake. Provide a power supply designed exclusively for the electromagnetic brake.

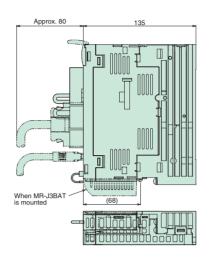
MELSERVO-J3

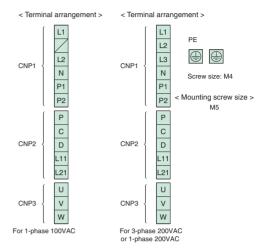
MR-J3 A Servo Amplifier Dimensions

(Unit: mm)

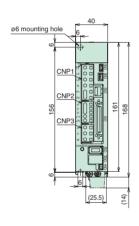
MR-J3-10A, 20A, 10A1, 20A1 (Note 1)

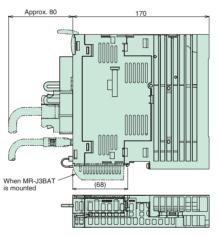


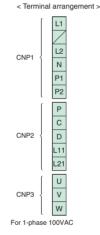


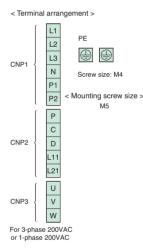


MR-J3-40A, 60A, 40A1 (Note 1)

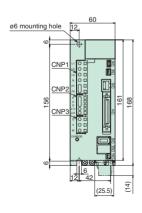


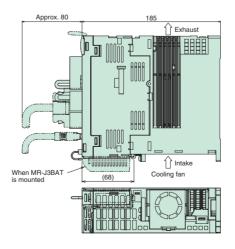


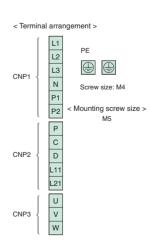




● MR-J3-70A, 100A (Note 1)

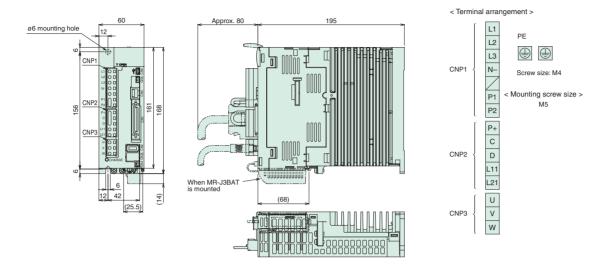




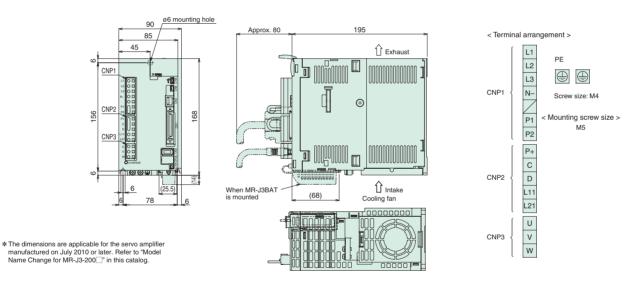


Notes: 1. CNP1, CNP2 and CNP3 connectors (insertion type) are supplied with the servo amplifier.

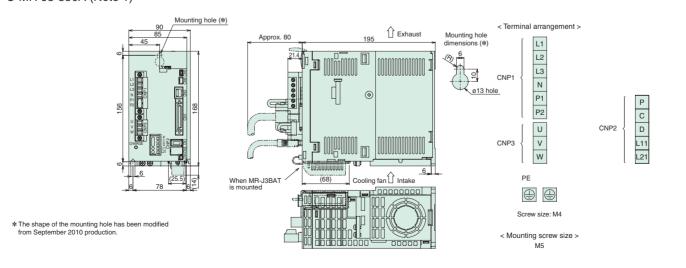
● MR-J3-60A4, 100A4 (Note 1)



● MR-J3-200AN*, 200A4 (Note 1)



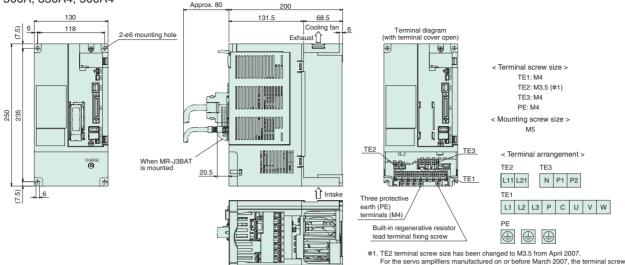
• MR-J3-350A (Note 1)



MR-J3 A Servo Amplifier Dimensions

(Unit: mm)

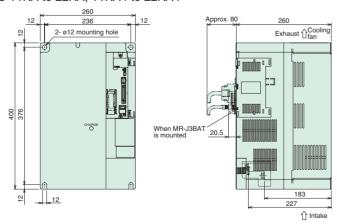
• MR-J3-500A, 350A4, 500A4



size is M3.

● MR-J3-700A, 700A4 Approx. 80 138 Terminal diagram (with terminal cover open) ● ● < Terminal screw size > TE1: M4 TE2: M3.5 (*1) TE3: M4 300 285 PE: M4 < Mounting screw size > TE3 When MR-J3BAT is mounted M5 20.5 < Terminal arrangement > TE3 N P1 P2 1 Intake TE1 Three protective earth (PE) L1 L2 L3 P C U V W L11 L21 terminals (M4) PF Built-in regenerative resistor lead terminal fixing screw

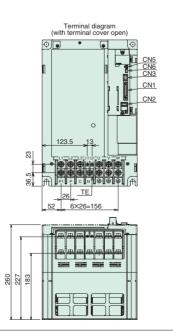
• MR-J3-11KA to 22KA, 11KA4 to 22KA4



 < Terminal screw size >

Model Terminals	MR-J3-11KA(4), 15KA(4)	MR-J3-22KA(4)
L1, L2, L3, U, V, W, P1, P, C, N, (#)	M6	M8
L11. L21	M4	M4

< Mounting screw size > M10

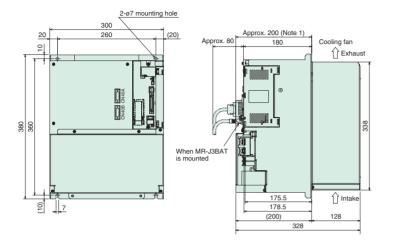


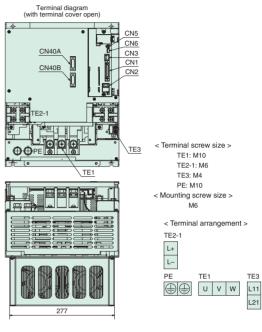
*1. TE2 terminal screw size has been changed to M3.5 from April 2007. For the servo amplifiers manufactured on or before March 2007, the terminal screw size is M3.

(Unit: mm)

MR-J3-DU A(4) Drive Unit Dimensions

• MR-J3-DU30KA, DU37KA, DU45KA4, DU55KA4





● MR-J3-DU30KA4, DU37KA4

